

# USENIX Security '24 Artifact Appendix: Fuzzing BusyBox: Leveraging LLM and Crash Reuse for Embedded Bug Unearthing

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# A Artifact Appendix

In our paper, we developed a basic python-based automation framework to perform fuzzing on a large-batch of BusyBox ELFs. As mentioned in the paper in **Section 4.2.1**, we made that available on Github.

## A.1 Abstract

We provide the automation script to perform fuzzing on a large batch of BusyBox target binaries using AFL++. It is provided in *automation\_src folder*. Note : Currently it is for busybox awk applet fuzzing, change *afl\_fuzz\_command* in *afl\_fuzz.py* in case of different applet. Supported target architecture : x86\_64 and ARM\_32. *fuzz\_multiple\_targets.py* is the main script that takes in a bunch of collected BusyBox target binaries, perform fuzzing on each target using AFL++ till the runtime provided by the user. And after fuzzing is done, it stores the fuzzing stats (json) of all the target in the output directory.

## A.2 Description & Requirements

## A.2.1 Security, privacy, and ethical concerns

As per our knowledge, there is no security risk involved in using this framework.

## A.2.2 How to access

Artifact is available on Github

#### A.2.3 Hardware dependencies

None

## A.2.4 Software dependencies

Linux OS, dependent on AFL++ Qemu mode - Link, For ARM32 based BusyBox ELFs, there are some arm dependencies which is provided in *arm\_dependencies* folder. We

have hotsed the docker image for ARM32 based ELFs : *asmitaj08/afl-qemu-arm* 

## A.2.5 Benchmarks

None

## A.3 Set-up

#### A.3.1 Installation

For x86 based BusyBox ELFs, it follows the steps of AFL++ installation for Qemu mode. Whereas in case of ARM32 based BusyBox , one can directly pull the provided docker *asmitaj08/afl-qemu-arm* 

Then use the command :

python3 fuzz\_multiple\_targets.py —input /path/to/binary/collection —arch ARM\_32/x86\_64 corpus /path/to/corpus —output /path/for/output —aflpath path/of/afl —run-time required\_runtime —depend arm\_dependecies\_in\_case\_of\_arm fuzz\_multiple\_targets.py

## A.3.2 Basic Test

After performing the above installation, and command execution, it takes in a bunch of collected BusyBox target binaries, perform fuzzing on each target using AFL++ till the runtime provided by the user. And after fuzzing is done, it stores the fuzzing stats (json) of all the target in the output directory. We have provided a sample example under the "demo\_folder".

## A.4 Version

Based on the LaTeX template for Artifact Evaluation V20231005. Submission, reviewing and badging methodology followed for the evaluation of this artifact can be found at https://secartifacts.github.io/usenixsec2024/.